Third Asia-Pacific Climate Change Adaptation Forum Songdo, Republic of Korea March 18-20, 2013



Architecture for CCA Finance

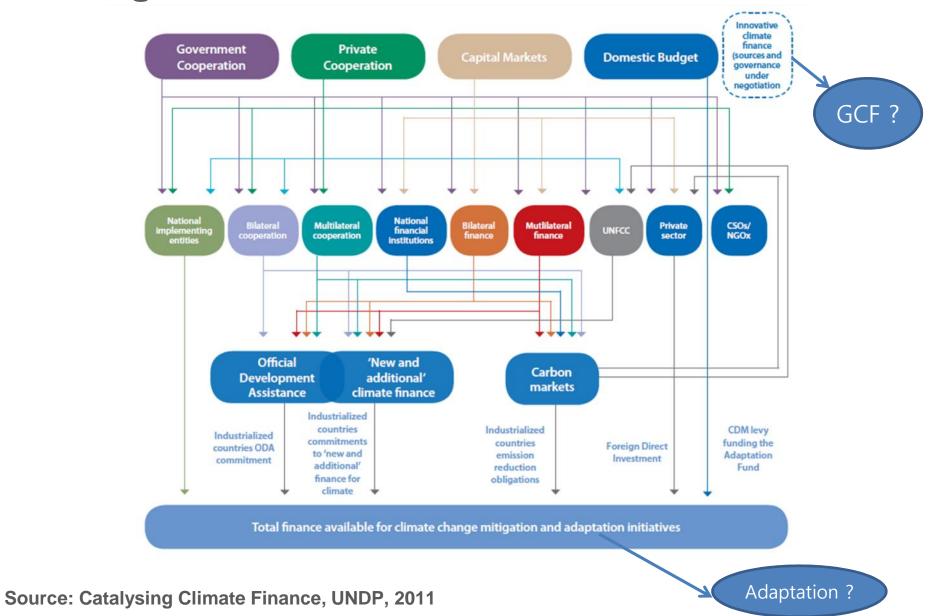
March 18, 2013

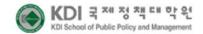
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Existing Climate Finance Flows





Source and Blending of Climate Finance

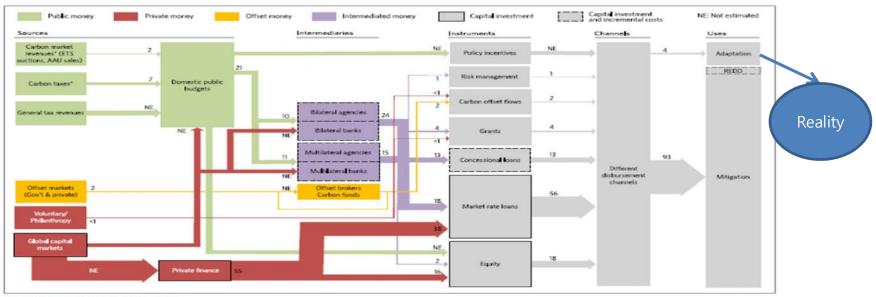
	Sources		Mechanisms/types of finance	Recipients	
Drive	Public	Donor government	Performance-based grants, debt, equity, ODA	Sectoral ministries; local government; PPP	
		Host government	Equity, grants, subsidies		
		MDB	Export credit; debt swaps; venture loan guarantees; grants; equity; incubators	Government agencies; NGOs; private sector; PPP; civil society	
	Private in ation ?	Commercial banks	Commercial lending; asset finance; forward contracts; working capital; consumption loans; IPOs	Project developers; private sector; PPP	
		Private equity	Venture capital; R&D funding		
		Pension funds	Venture capital; commercial lending; mezzanine finance; bond purchasing		
		Insurance companies	Policy insurance; project equity; bond purchasing; venture loan guarantees		
		Capital markets	Stocks; bonds; commercial papers; IPOs		
	Market based	Emission trading, CDM	Emission trading, credits; offsets; payment for	Project developers; retailers & resellers of	
		REDD+	international services	offsets	

Source: Mobilizing private sector finance for green growth transition, Yvo de Bore, KPMG LLP, 2012



Climate Finance Flows

Source: Climate Policy Initiative (CPI), The Landscape of Climate Finance, 2011



Source: Climate Policy Initiative (CPI)

Notes: Figures presented are indicative estimates of annual flows for the latest year available, 2009/2010 (variable according to the data source). Figures are expressed in USD billion and are rounded to produce whole numbers. Estimates spanning multiple years are adjusted to produce annual-equivalent estimates. Where ranges of estimates are available, the mid-point is presented. All flows are incremental except for those identified as full or partial 'capital investment'. Most data presented relate to commitments in a given year, due to limited availability of disbursement data. "Estimated carbon pricing revenues indicated are not necessarily wholly hypothecated for climate finance.

Table 1. Estimated volume of mitigation and adaptation finance (USD million and in percent)

Source	Total [^] (USD m)	Adaptation (%)	Mitigation (%)	Adaptation (USD m)	Mitigation (USD m)
Bilateral	22,767	16%	84%	3,641	19,127
Multilateral	14,361	3%	97%	475	13,886
Funds	2,492	3%	97%	65	2,428
Offsets*	2,250	0%	100%	0	2,250
Philanthropy**	450	47%	53%	210	240
Private finance	54,600	0%	100%	0	54,600
Total	96,920	5%	95%	4,390	92,531

Source: Climate Policy Initiative (CPI)

Notes:

[^]This column contains the mid-point of estimates where ranges exist.

^{*} The Adaptation Fund is covered under the 'Funds' category and not under carbon offset flows.

^{**}Philanthropy figure includes an estimated USD 240 million from voluntary carbon markets (OTC transactions).



Challenges to increase CCA Finance

- Private vs. Public sectors
- Developed vs. Developing countries
- Global vs. National/Local agenda
- Economic Development vs. Environment
- Mitigation vs. Adaptation projects
- Short-run vs. Long-run perspectives
- Bilateral vs. Multilateral arrangements
- Direct Access vs. International organizations
- Governments vs. NGOs

Architecture for CCA Finance

- Public sector's role for leveraging private sector
- Various combination of different stakeholders
- Developing country-driven projects
- Multi-financing (MDBs/Bilateral ODA/Private: CP3)
- Knowledge and Technology sharing programs



Paradigm shift/Transformational change